

**LESSON**  
**10-1**

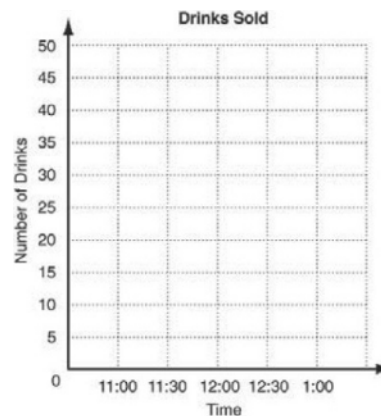
# Scatter Plots and Trend Lines

## Practice and Problem Solving: A/B

**Graph a scatter plot and find the correlation.**

- The table shows the number of juice drinks sold at a small restaurant from 11:00 am to 1:00 pm. Graph a scatter plot using the given data.

| Time             | 11:00 | 11:30 | 12:00 | 12:30 | 1:00 |
|------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|------|
| Number of Drinks | 20    | 29    | 34    | 49    | 44   |



- Name the two variables. \_\_\_\_\_
- Write *positive*, *negative*, or *none* to describe the correlation illustrated by the scatter plot you drew in problem 1. Estimate the value of the correlation coefficient,  $r$ . Indicate whether  $r$  is closer to  $-1$ ,  $-0.5$ ,  $0$ ,  $0.5$ , or  $1$ .

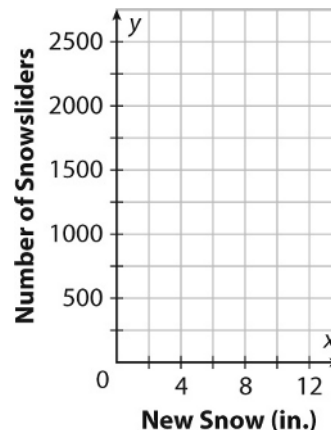
**A city collected data on the amount of ice cream sold in the city each day and the amount of suntan lotion sold at a nearby beach each day.**

- Do you think there is causation between the city's two variables? If so, how? If not, is there a third variable involved? Explain.

**Solve.**

- The number of snowboarders and skiers at a resort per day and the amount of new snow the resort reported that morning are shown in the table.

| Amount of New Snow (in inches) | 2    | 4    | 6    | 8    | 10   |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Number of Snowsliders          | 1146 | 1556 | 1976 | 2395 | 2490 |



- Make a scatterplot of the data.
- Draw a line of fit on the graph above and find the equation for the linear model. \_\_\_\_\_
- If the resort reports 15 inches of new snow, how many skiers and snowboarders would you expect to be at the resort that day?