

Factor the quadratic.

1.
 $x^2 - 14x - 15$
 $(x+1)(x-15)$

2.
 $3x^2 + 2x - 8$
 $(3x-4)(x+2)$

3.
 $5x^2 + 10x$
 $5x(x+2)$

4.
 $x^2 - 9$
 $(x+3)(x-3)$

Solve by factoring.

5.
 $x^2 + 3x - 10 = 0$
 $(x-2)(x+5) = 0$
 $x = 2$ $x = -5$

6.
 $5x^2 + 10x + 5 = 0$
 $x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0$
 $(x+1)(x+1) = 0$
 $x = -1$ $x = -1$

7.
 $5x^2 + 4x - 12 = 0$
 $(5x-6)(x+2)$
 $x = \frac{6}{5}$ $x = -2$

8.
 $2x^2 - 50 = 0$
 $x = \pm 5$

Solve each equation by taking the square root.

9.
 $3x^2 = 27$
 $x = \pm 3$

10.
 $x^2 - 4 = 21$
 $x = \pm 5$

11.
 $(x + 8)^2 = 32$
 $x = -8 \pm 4\sqrt{2}$

12.
 $3(x - 2)^2 + 4 = 52$
 $x = 6$
 $x = -2$

Solve each equation by completing the square.

13.

$$x^2 - 6x + 4 = 0$$

$$x = 3 \pm \sqrt{5}$$

14.

$$3x^2 + 12x = -9$$

$$x^2 + 4x = -3$$

$$(x+2)^2 = 1$$

$$x = -3 \quad x = -1$$

15. Solve by using the quadratic formula.

$$7x^2 + 5x - 1 = 0$$

$$x = 0.16 \quad x = -0.87$$

16. Solve using any method.

$$x^2 - 4x - 12 = 0$$

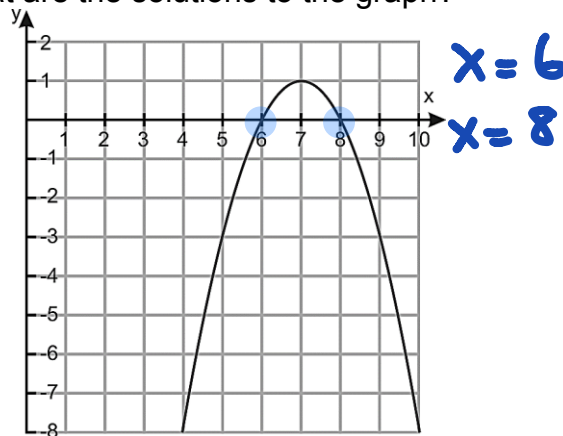
$$x = -2 \quad x = 6$$

17. Are 1 and -6 roots to the quadratic function $f(x) = 2x^2 + 5x - 7$?

1 is a root

-6 is not a root

18. What are the solutions to the graph?



19. Error Analysis: Find and circle the error. Then give the correct answer.

1. Solve the equation by completing the square.

$$x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 8x = 12$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 16 = 12$$

$$(x - 4)^2 = 28$$

$$x - 4 = \sqrt{28}$$

$$x = 4 \pm 2\sqrt{7}$$

$$x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$x^2 - 8x + (-4)^2 = -12 + (-4)^2$$

$$\sqrt{(x-4)^2} = \sqrt{4}$$

$$x-4 = \pm 2$$

$$x = 4 \pm 2$$

$$x = 6 \quad x = 2$$

Algebra 1 Solving Quadratics Review Continued

Solving by factoring.

1. $x^2 - 9x + 12 = -2$

$x=2$ $x=7$

2. $x^2 + 5x + 6 = 2$

$x=-4$ $x=-1$

3. $2x^2 + 7x - 15 = 0$

$x = \frac{3}{2}$ $x = -5$

4. $3x^2 - x - 10 = 0$

$x = \frac{-5}{3}$ $x=2$

5. $r^2 - 4 = 0$

$r=2$ $r=-2$

6. $x^2 - 36 = 0$

$x=6$ $x=-6$

7. $3x^2 - 9x = 0$

$x=0$ $x=3$

8. $n^2 + n = 0$

$n=0$ $n=-1$

Solving by taking the square.

9. $3x^2 - 1 = 29$

$x = \pm\sqrt{10}$

10. $4x^2 + 5 = 21$

$x = \pm 2$

$$11. \frac{1}{2}(x-6)^2 - 8 = 0$$

$$x=10 \quad x=2$$

$$12. 3(x+1)^2 = 27$$

$$x=2 \quad x=-4$$

Solve by completing the square.

$$13. x^2 + 18x + 37 = 0$$

$$x = -9 \pm 2\sqrt{11}$$

$$14. v^2 - 4v - 77 = 0$$

$$v=11 \quad v=-7$$

$$15. n^2 + 20n + 99 = 0$$

$$n=-9 \quad n=-11$$

$$16. n^2 - 4n + 2 = 0$$

$$n = 2 \pm \sqrt{2}$$

Solve using the quadratic formula.

$$17. 2k^2 + 8k + 6 = 0$$

$$k=-1 \quad k=-3$$

$$18. 3m^2 + m - 7 = 0$$

$$m = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{85}}{6}$$